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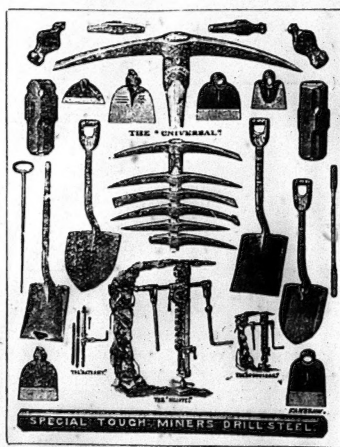
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DAILY WEATHER REPORT

ALEXANDRIA			
Kom-el-Nadour Observatory.			
Direction of wind	East
Force of Anemometer	...	...	19
State of Sea	...	...	Calm
Barometer corrected	...	...	760.3
Evaporation	...	...	7
State of Clouds	...	...	1 clouded
During 24 hours	Max. Temp. in the shade	35	
ending 9 a.m.	Min. do.	31	
	Humidity of the air	80	
	Heat of the sun	83	
	Moon rises 3.6 a.m.		
	sets 4.10 p.m.		

REMARKS.
Yesterday the weather was very oppressive with a considerably increased degree of humidity. This morning was somewhat warm but dry, and there is a slight easterly breeze. The barometer is steady.

OTHER STATIONS.

OBSERVATIONS BY SURVEY DEPARTMENT.			
For the 24 hours ending 9 a.m. yesterday.			
Stations.	Max. temp. in the shade.	Min. temp. in the shade.	State of Sea.
Port Said	30	20	Marine
Suez	33	18	At sea
Holomon	35	23	Swamp
(Ghiseh)	34	16	Khartoum
Lasius	33	17	Wadi Medani
Assuan	33	18	Duim
Wady Halfa	30	19	

FOREIGN STATIONS.

Stations.	Barom.	Wind	Temp.	State of Sea.
Trieste	760.4	Calm	14	Calm
Valta	758.6	Light	23	Rather rough
Trindal	756.9	Light	30	Rather rough
Uthens	761.4	Moder.	30	Slight
Amassol	763.3	Almost calm	24	Very slight

PHASES OF THE MOON.

		2.48 p.m.	5.49	5.41
Oct 1	Full Moon			
" 10	Last Quarter	5.39 p.m.	5.63	5.31
" 19	New Moon	0.43 a.m.	5.50	5.23
" 28	First Quarter	3.50 p.m.	6.3	5.19

THE SUN.

	Rises a.m.	Sets p.m.
Oct 1	5.49	5.41
" 10	5.39	5.31
" 19	5.50	5.23
" 28	6.3	5.19

The Egyptian Gazette

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Alexandria, Cairo, and the Interior of Egypt (including delivery in Alexandria or postage to subscriber's address) P.T. 23 1/2 per annum, P.T. 116 for six months, P.T. 80 for three months. To other countries in the Postal Union P.T. 273 (\$2.16s.) per annum. Six months P.T. 136 (\$1.8s.), three months P.T. 95 (0.19s.).
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MARRIAGE.

SCHERRATTER-CUTTING.—At Johannesburg, on August 22, Samuel Scherratter, of Alexandria, to Daisy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. Cutting, and sister-in-law of Baron Himmelstjerna de Riga.

The Egyptian Gazette

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MONDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1906

PRINCE HOHENLOHE'S DIARY.

Commenting on the publication of the Memoirs of Prince Hohenlohe, the "Morning Post" says:—

A twofold interest attaches to the publication in Germany of extracts from the Memoirs of Prince Hohenlohe giving an account of the points of disagreement between the German Emperor and Prince Bismarck which led to the Prince's resignation of the Chancellorship of the Empire. The resignation of the First Chancellor was an event of historical importance, and everything that throws light upon it and enables the truth to be known is valuable to the student of history and of politics. The fact of the publication of these extracts from Prince Hohenlohe's Memoirs has, however, to be regarded also from another point of view. The story told throws light upon the character and policy of the present German Emperor. The publication, therefore, would hardly have been risked in a country where free discussion of the Emperor's character and policy is not permitted, unless it was likely to be acceptable in high quarters. It may, therefore, be taken to be thought opportune that these disclosures should now be made; in other words, it is thought that they will have the effect in Germany of strengthening public confidence in the Emperor. The story told is exceedingly probable. It agrees with what was believed at the time by the best inform-

ed diplomatists in Europe. Moreover, it rests upon the best possible authorities, for Prince Hohenlohe records his conversations with the Emperor Frederick and the Grand Duke of Baden, as well as with the Emperor and Prince Bismarck. The disagreements turned on two points of policy. One was domestic. The Emperor was anxious for further action by way of relieving the lot of the working class. He thought that if nothing were done the Socialists would have a lever by which they might raise up a movement that would need to be put down by force, and he was determined at the beginning of his reign not to be forced to let his soldiers fire upon the people. But Bismarck was opposed to further legislation in the direction of State Socialism. The other difference was on foreign policy. The Emperor thought it right to support his Austro-Hungarian ally in resistance to contemplated Russian encroachments in South-Eastern Europe. If the Russian Government had moved an Army towards Bulgaria the Austro-Hungarian Government would have been bound in its own interests to that movement. The German Emperor thought that in such a case he must come to the assistance of Austria-Hungary. But Bismarck proposed that if the case were to arise Germany should remain neutral. He was afraid that supporting Austria would involve Germany in the war which he dreaded against Russia and France at once. These were serious differences, for they touched, the one a vital matter of domestic policy, and the other the cardinal point of foreign policy.

But there was a further disagreement of a formal nature. When Bismarck became Minister-President of Prussia under King William I. there was in existence a Cabinet Order, that is, a Royal rescript, dated 1852—in the reign of King Frederick William IV.—by which the Ministers other than the Minister-President were debarred from direct access to the King. Bismarck, as Minister-President, for many years acted in the spirit of this decree. He made himself responsible to the King for Prussian policy, and he enjoyed the King's confidence. Accordingly at one time he paid little attention to the letter of the decree. But, on the accession of William II, as Emperor and King, Bismarck worked the decree of 1852 for all it was worth in order to keep in his own hands the control of affairs. The Emperor wished to be able to consult other Ministers as well as Bismarck, and desired the old rule to be abrogated. When it became clear to him that there was a real and profound disagreement between himself and his Chancellor he sent to ask Bismarck for either his acquiescence in the abrogation of the rule or his resignation. Bismarck replied by sending his resignation. The Emperor felt that the point had come when it was a question whether he should be Emperor in fact as well as in name, or merely an Emperor reigning but not governing, taking his directions from a Mayor of the Palace. This part of the story has been told before. The exact nature of the disagreement on Germany's foreign policy has hardly been as clearly put, so far as we remember, as it is in Prince Hohenlohe's Memoirs. Very characteristic are some of the details of the picture. Bismarck's violent temper was well known. He has himself told how after a political argument he would relieve his feelings by breaking something. After one of the last angry outbursts the Emperor told the Grand Duke of Baden that Bismarck had just managed not to throw the inkpot at his head, and the Grand Duke himself a few days later found Bismarck so rude that he had to bring the audience to an abrupt close.

In all probability the Emperor was substantially in the right on the points in dispute. It was wiser to take some steps towards meeting the working-men's troubles than to do nothing and await a conflict. It was probably wiser and was certainly more loyal to support Austria-Hungary against Russia than to remain neutral and encourage Russia. It was certainly better for Germany that there should be a Monarchy than that there should be a Bismarck dynasty. The interesting question is why the present moment should be chosen for the publication of these details. The purpose may be to stem the growth of the Bismarck legend, which has been remarkable during the last few years, and to remind the German public that, great as Bismarck was, he was nothing without the support of King William I., and in his quarrel with the present Emperor was in form and substance in the wrong. A different explanation has been suggested, very shrewdly, in Austria. There the theory is that the publication has for its purpose to show, what is the fact, that in a crisis when the fate of the Dual Monarchy was at stake the Emperor William was that Monarchy's firm friend and steadfast ally. In either case, we venture to think, only good can come of the truth becoming known. There is a good deal yet to be known about Bismarck, not by any means all to his credit. He himself, by the heartless cruelty with which he persecuted those who happened to disagree with him, made upon those who were behind the scenes an indelible impression of brutality. He was a bully, and his policy was that of a bully. The revelations now made, which will in part be new to the bulk of the German public, will help German opinion to see in truer perspective the personages of the reign of the first Emperor, whom in the public eye Bismarck has too much overshadowed. Moltke was a greater man than the Germans of to-day, except a small number of officers, seem to realise, and the Emperor William I., who was able to appreciate and to support two such different men as Bismarck and Moltke and to keep them together in harness in spite of their differences, rendered to his country services which can hardly be over-estimated. One result of the publication now made may be to stimulate curiosity as to the later portions of Bismarck's own Memoirs. It is hardly likely that they will modify very materially the story which is told in the contemporary notes of Prince Hohenlohe.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The Mansourieh Canal.

A road bridge with an opening span is shortly to be built over the Mansourieh Canal at Salaka.

Rupture of a Dyke.

The Yonfidyke, near Beni Sonef, has ruptured. The water overflowed the banks, and flooded a large area of cotton cultivation.

Slaves Freed.

During last month the Slave Trade Repression Department granted manumission papers to 11 slaves, i.e., 10 Sudanese males and one Abyssinian woman.

The Isis.

The P. and O. steamer Isis entered the Suez Canal Company's floating dock on Saturday to undergo repair of the damage caused by the recent accident.

Railway Credit.

A credit of L.E. 5,200 is to be opened for the completion of the improvements which are being effected on the double railway line between Wasta and Minieh.

Ministers' Return to Cairo.

H.E. Fakhr Pasha, Minister of Public Works, returned to Cairo from Alexandria on Saturday afternoon, and the other Ministers returned yesterday evening.

Egyptian Army Moves.

The 3rd and 7th Battalions of the Egyptian Army will leave for the Sudan in January. They will be replaced by the 2nd and 5th Battalions, which will come down to Cairo.

The Brindisi Mail.

The P. & O. mail steamers China and Peninsular arrived at Suez yesterday morning and entered the Canal. The latter will carry the mail to Brindisi, replacing temporarily the Isis.

Minieh Agricultural Show.

The next agricultural show to be held by the Khedivial Agricultural Society will take place at Minieh on the 29th proximo, when H.H. the Khedive will preside at the opening ceremony.

Greek Railways.

The "Nere Freie Presse" states that the junction of the Helleno-Turkish railways is on the point of being approved by the Porte, and that shortly it will be possible to travel between Greece and Europe by rail.

The Plague.

One death from plague occurred at Minieh yesterday. To-day's bulletin reports the admission to hospital at Alexandria of a native coachman of the Minet el-Bassal quarter, and two admissions at Suez, one of whom is a Greek.

Native Lady's Arrest.

Mme Um Ismail, daughter of Hussein Assem Bey, who is charged with beating her servant and causing him serious injury, will be tried before the Zazig Criminal Court on the 17th inst. The Mansourieh Parquet has issued a warrant for her arrest.

The American Squadron.

Our Suez Correspondent writes under date of yesterday: Two cruisers of the American Naval Division under Vice Admiral Brownson came out of the Canal this forenoon and are anchored in the Bay, awaiting the other two ships to proceed to the Far East.

American Visitors.

One hundred and fifty American officers, belonging to the Philippines army, who are homeward bound by the transport Meade, at present at Port Said, have been paying a flying visit to Cairo. Some more officers, on board the Ingalls, which is expected to arrive at Port Said soon, will also visit the Capital.

Suez Canal.

On 12th October, 8 vessels, of which 3 were northward and 5 were southward bound, transited the canal, and paid for transit and passenger toll Fr. 221,158.76. Of these 6 were British, 1 German, and 1 Austrian. The total receipts since October 1 are Fr. 3,036,852.89, and during that time 115 vessels transited the Canal, 49 being northward and 66 southward bound.

The Frontier Commission.

The members of the Frontier Commission, who are on their way from Rafah to Akaba, erecting boundary pillars as they march, reached Meiyin—between Auja and Akaba—on Friday. They are expected to return between the 23rd and 25th inst. So far their journey has been without incident and the marking out of the boundary has proceeded most satisfactorily.

Bandmann Opera Company.

Owing to the anticipated early arrival of the P. and O. S.S. Arabia at Suez the Bandmann Opera Company have advanced their opening at the Opera House one day, so that next Monday evening they will give *Lady Macbeth*, and on the last day they will reproduce the piece that has proved the most popular during their stay. The company will leave by the Persia from Port Said on November 5.

New Employment Registry.

The British Chamber of Commerce gives notice that it has commenced an employment register, which may be consulted by members requiring clerical or other assistance. Applications will be received, free of charge, from clerks and others wishing to obtain posts in Egypt. Address: Secretary, British Chamber of Commerce, Alexandria. [Advt.]

NEW KHEDIVIAL HOTEL CAIRO.

Built in 1904, Modern House. Splendid situation. Electric Light, Lift, Pension P.T. 50. Arrangements for families. Rooms and Breakfast P.T. 25. — Meals a la Cart 25/30-35-40

EGYPT'S DEMAND FOR GOLD.

BIG ARRIVAL OF METAL TO-DAY.

OPINION IN LONDON.

This morning £1,280,000 sterling arrived at Alexandria by the Austrian Lloyd's S.S. Habsburg, and another large shipment of gold is expected next week.

London, October 8.

The American demand for gold having sunk into the background, the London Money Market only finds itself face to face with a strong enquiry for sovereigns on Egyptian account. A demand of this kind had to be dealt with for a good many years, and in earlier times the outflow of sovereigns in the late autumn and winter was usually followed by the reflux of a considerable proportion of the amount in the spring. The coins, which are legal tender in Egypt, are needed to assist the bank in financing the cotton crop, which has become so important a factor in Egyptian production, and this explains the movement to and fro. Latterly, however, the prosperity of the country has been so great, that only a small proportion of the sovereigns despatched there have returned, the remainder being either retained by the banks or kept in circulation, and therefore the exports in recent years from this side have taken more and more the character of a positive loss to our gold supplies. In one sense this retention of the coins was expected to diminish the demand each year, as the stock held in the country steadily grew larger. These expectations, however, have been upset by the storm in the Southern States of the United States, which has led to a remarkable advance in the price of cotton, and has produced a strong demand for gold by the Egyptian banks. Since the Bank return was made up £1,600,000 has been taken out, and the manner in which these withdrawals have suddenly assumed importance certainly renders the maintenance of the Bank rate at 4 per cent. distinctly uncertain.

THE KHEDIVE.

H.H. the Khedive left for Mariout yesterday morning in order to inspect his estates there.

RAMADAN.

The appearance of the new moon of the Mohammedan month of fasting will be celebrated on Wednesday next at 4 p.m., when a procession of the "moon-seers" will proceed from the Cairo Governorate to the Mehkemeh Shari'eh, preceded by a detachment of the 4th Infantry Battalion, the Cavalry Band, and a posse of policemen.

A salute of 21 guns will be fired at the Citadel on the appearance of the new moon being confirmed by the Mehkemeh.

During the month of Ramadan the hours of the Government departments will be from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

NATIVES AND EUROPEAN LADIES.

We have already had occasion to refer to the insulting language and conduct of certain low elements in the native population towards European and Syrian ladies. Our Cairo Correspondent, confirming the case which we reported on Saturday, writes:—Another instance of a serious character occurred on Thursday evening, when the ories of a European child of seven years of age, who was struggling to free herself from the grasp of a native, brought a French passer-by to the rescue. An Englishman came up, and after some difficulty the native was overpowered and taken to the caracol. A number of his friends assembled, and quite oblivious of the cause of his capture, threatened to murder his captors.

We hope the leaders of native opinion will exert themselves to prevent any recurrence of similar incidents. We are aware that a certain small class of Moslem afflicts to consider the fact that a woman is unveiled exonerates insulting language and behaviour, but Europeans have been too long settled in the country for this "excuse"—if such detestable and unmanly conduct can possibly be excused—to be accepted. In towns like Cape Town, where a small Moslem colony is settled in the midst of a large Dutch and British population, and in Trinidad or Demarara, where there are settlements of Indian Moslems, Moslem women are safe from insult or annoyance.

KHEDIVIAL OPERA HOUSE.

A Cairo contemporary asserts that although thus far no definite plans for the new Khedivial Opera House have been furnished to the Ministry of Public Works, the foundations of this building are to be laid in the course of this winter in the Esbekieh Gardens, opposite the Eden Palace Hotel. A new and large avenue will lead from the theatre to the Opera square.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Messageries Maritimes mail-steamer Congo, which left Marseilles last Thursday, passed through the Straits of Messina on Saturday afternoon and is due here to-morrow morning.

The Elerman S.S. Avon arrived on Saturday from Glasgow with a general cargo.

THE NATIONAL UNIVERSITY.

PROPOSALS OF THE FOUNDERS.

We have received from Kassim Bey Amin, secretary to the committee formed for the establishment of a National University, a circular, of which the following is a translation:—

In latter years a general movement towards education has been observed in Egypt. Among all classes this tendency exists and goes on increasing. In spite of the sacrifices which the State has made, the education no longer supplies the needs of the country. The progressive increase of the budget of the Ministry of Public Instruction has not been able to satisfy the needs of the population. The Government has found itself forced to stimulate private initiative so that they might gain assistance. Our nation, which is not accustomed to establish such institutions, has, nevertheless, answered to its appeal by subscribing largely for the creation of primary schools—kuttab. Every day we register the birth of one of these schools in some part of Egypt. In a few years' time one will see them in their full expansion, and our little children will gather the full benefit.

Unfortunately the Government and the nation who have done all in their power to extend primary education have up to the present been able to do nothing to develop higher education. Time and money have been lacking to inaugurate the formation of a school for higher studies. To-day Egyptians are beginning to feel that there is in their education a very large gap which must be filled. For the last ten years the creation of a university has incessantly preoccupied them. Many efforts, even, were made by several benevolent men, but it seemed that the idea was not sufficiently ripe to be realisable.

This year a favourable movement has spontaneously swayed public opinion. Our people have at last come to the conclusion that its system of education is incomplete; that its limits are too narrow; that it ends too soon; that beyond the circle where it is confined there are sublime experiences, lofty truths, transcendental speculations, interesting problems, seductive hypotheses, new discoveries, captivating essays that occupy and preoccupy the souls of the intellectual elect of the world, and of which only a faint echo reaches it. There are new theories on the universe, society, human language, morals, philosophy, history, legislation, education. All that refers to the present, past, and future of humanity forms the object of many sciences. Which of us knows anything about it? Who is interested in these sciences, and in these sources of wisdom?

But what is truly astonishing is this. There is not in the whole of Egypt a class where are taught the literary, scientific, and philosophical works of the best known and most appreciated in Europe of the ancient Arab authors! All Egyptians who are truly conscious of the inferiority of our intellectual state, and who suffer thereat, have felt that another step must be made in the education of Egyptian youth.

In order that Egypt may be admitted to the ranks of civilized countries, it does not suffice that the majority of its population know how to read and write, nor, further, that a class be formed for professional knowledge, such as doctor, lawyers, engineers, etc. More is needed. Those who have a calling to raise themselves to the ranks of the savants, the writers that Europe produces, should be allowed to elevate themselves to equal in knowledge and intelligence the great artisans of Progress who in shadow and silence work night and day for the conquest of truth and its triumph in the world. It is this work that we desire to undertake with the help of all the inhabitants of Egypt.

We know that isolated State action is powerless to do all, that its goodwill and power must be seconded by private initiative. We hope that our voice will be heard by all those who live Egypt, no matter what their origin or religion.

This foundation having awakened in minds different ideas, we deem it well to define in a general way the objective of our work:—

I. The University that we desire to create is to be absolutely scientific and literary. Its doors will be wide open for all desirous of learning, irrespective of origin and religion.

II. It will have no connection at all with politics, or even with men who occupy themselves with politics. Neither in its administration nor in the classes to be organised will it tolerate the least interference, or influence, that may have a greater or less degree of public character.

III. The foundation of a university uniting in itself all the orders of education—primary, secondary, and higher—will be for us an ideal that we will strive to attain in a future that is more or less near, and as such forms part of our programme. But it is evident that the complete and immediate realisation of a work so enormous will require considerable resources, a staff and organisation that are difficult to realise at present. We are, therefore, obliged to carry out for the present only part of our programme, beginning with that which has appeared to us most urgent and most profitable. Moreover, the primary and secondary education, and that which we have called professional, exists already in the State and private schools, and nearly satisfies our needs. Moreover, it has seemed to us that for the present we may without inconvenience not occupy ourselves therewith, reserving all our efforts to inaugurate a higher education which is lacking in our country. We will create professorships to teach what is not taught in Egypt: Chairs of Arabic and European literature, sciences, philosophy, and history.

These will be filled by professors carefully chosen in Europe, and Egypt when they are available, under the direction of a technical committee presided over by a both competent and experienced man. Naturally the number and importance of these classes will depend upon the resources of the University.

IV. The classes will be public, so that all desirous of learning may attend them. But in addition to this attendance of persons of all ages and all professions who attend a class to pass their time in an agreeable and profitable manner, the University will admit enrolled students who will follow all the classes during a certain number of years. These students will undergo an examination at the close of their studies, and receive a diploma similar to that awarded by the school of political and moral science at Paris. It is understood that the diploma will only have a moral authority, but it is to be hoped that in course of time our Government will take it into consideration and attach special privileges to it.

V. The meeting of the present subscribers will elect two committees, one of which will be appointed to collect subscriptions, and the other with the technical preparation of the education.

Such is the programme of those who were the first subscribers for the foundation of the University. Some will find it ambitious and difficult to realise in Egypt: we will reply to them that we will spare nothing to succeed.

If despite our good intentions this work fails to be effected, we hope that others, more able, will know how to do better. Others, and they are in the majority, find the work modest, and not so brilliant and so extended as they would desire. To these we will say that success can only be obtained by knowing the measure of one's strength.

We would willingly reply to them: Help us for the present to lay this modest foundation; success will encourage us to do more. The day when we find that our means will permit of our extending the education in the University and widening its field of action, you will find as always beside you, to go forward with you hand in hand.

THE "PATRIOT'S" RETURN.

MODESTY FORBIDS EXUBERANCE.

Mustapha Pasha Kamel arrived at Alexandria from Europe this morning by the Austrian Lloyd S.S. Habsburg.

The Egyptian "Patriot" had modestly but firmly declined when in Europe all the overtures his Nationalist followers had made him to greet his arrival with a demonstration on the quay. He also refused the offer of a special train to Cairo, and declared that he did not wish the train in which he travelled to be greeted with acclamations on its passage down the main line to the Capital, and that the inhabitants of the towns and villages were not to turn out en masse to salute him.

The reason for this modesty is because he is only at the beginning of the mighty work to which he intends to devote all his life, energy, and talents, and therefore, although he has been most successful in his political mission to Europe, any manifestation would be premature. But when the goal is reached he will be quite willing to accept the public homage of the Egyptian people. The result was that when Kamel set foot on Egyptian soil only his brother Aly Fahmy and a few others greeted him and he was taken to the station in quite an ordinary conveyance and passed unrecognised through the streets.

KAMEL'S COMPARISONS.

In a recent interview with the Correspondent of the "Pall Mall Gazette" Mustapha Pasha Kamel had an interesting story to tell concerning the light punishment accorded to a couple of Greek malefactors who had assaulted a couple of British officers. The facts of the case are as follows:—

Two drunken Greeks engaged in a scuffle with two unknown Europeans, who wore no uniform, whose nationality was not even recognised, who slipped away on the arrival of the police and who never appeared to prosecute their assailants. The real assault for which these Greeks were punished was committed on the persons of two policemen, whom they beat and kicked. To crown all, when brought to the caracol, they attempted to set the building on fire. They were sentenced to 21 days' imprisonment followed by instant expulsion from the country. A sufficiently severe sentence.

As the "Nationalist" leader attempts to make capital out of this incident, by instituting comparisons between his version thereof and the Danishwair affair, we should like to remind our confreres of a proverb, English in its origin, but none the less applicable in Egypt. It runs thus: "Old wounds are skinned by lying."

Commercial & Financial Supplement

OF THE "Egyptian Gazette."

The Commercial and Financial Supplement of the "Egyptian Gazette" is published at midday every Saturday in time for the Austrian Lloyd's mail. The supplement contains exhaustive and important reviews of the cotton, cotton seed, and stock and share markets, with all the latest statistics up to the evening of the preceding day, complete tabular forms of the various market fluctuations, and the copies of the official telegrams of the Liverpool Cotton Association, etc., etc. Subscription for one year P.T. 100 (inclusive of postage in Egypt for abroad the postage is P.T. 10 extra). For further particulars apply to the Manager "Egyptian Gazette."

KHEDIVIAL YACHT CLUB.

SATURDAY'S SPECIAL REGATTA.

VISIT OF THE KHEDIVE.

The annual visit of his Highness the Khedive to the Yacht Club on Saturday was attended, as usual, with immense success.

The morning opened with a strong wind from the S.E., which threatened to mar the proceedings, but towards noon the wind gradually died down and veered round to the W.N.W., where it remained for a little while and then died away altogether.

At 2 o'clock the club, the Commodore's yacht *Cuhona* and the schooner *Gilda* "dressed ship" and soon after the club began to fill up with all its members, including most of the élite of Alexandria.

Down on the foreshore accommodation was provided for the patrons of the rowing clubs who were interested in the race between their respective clubs.

His Highness arrived punctually at half-past four and was received at the club steps by Prince Aziz Pasha Hassan and the committee of the club.

The sailing handicap in Class I was won by the *Ananké*, which was guided to victory by Mr. J. C. Wilcock, the *Sans Pareille* being a good second, only 36 seconds behind.

The wind was so dead before Class II. was sailed that the race became simply a "drifting match." It seemed at first as if none of the boats would finish in time to claim the prize, but eventually the *Lekindiriyah*, sailed by Mr. H. Fender, drifted over the finishing line with 10 minutes to spare, thereby winning the Khedive's challenge cup. The rest of the boats kept crawling in far away into the night, and some of them had to be towed home, the wind having completely died away at sunset.

Soon after his Highness arrived a race between ten native boats of the old type was started, all their sails being set before the start and their stern tied up to the club jetty. When the gun was fired they all cast off, and everything being allowed fair in this race there was a good deal of excitement, which would have been greater if the wind had been stronger.

The next race, which caused the greatest excitement, was that of the rowing clubs in their outriggers. They were started at a point half-way between the break-water elbow and the lighthouse, at a distance of 2,500 metres from the club. From the fire of the pistol the Club International Canottieri started away with an even stroke and a steady boat and took the lead which they maintained to the end, beating the Club Nautique Français by about 5 lengths; this club also made a very good show, especially as their boat was heavier and 20 centimetres broader than that of the winners. Moreover their bow oar had met with an accident three days before the race and had been replaced by a spare oar who had not had much time to practise. The Deutsche Sportverein, also in as heavy a boat as that of the French Club, crossed the line third, being about 4 lengths behind the Frenchmen. The Alexandria Rowing Club then followed, their boat seeming to suffer from unsteadiness from the start, although of approximately the same beam as the Canottieri. The winner's time was 9 min. 14 sec.

As soon as the boats hove in sight, the members of the rowing clubs watching from the jetty could restrain themselves no longer and burst into cheering, shouting and waving their caps, especially those of the winning club. This is the third year that the Canottieri have won the race. Soon after this race the oared gigs hove in sight, there being four boats entered. That of the Coastguard training ship, *Dib el-Bahr*, was the winner, and that of the Ports and Lights second—an exceedingly creditable performance considering that they had had no chance of practising, only getting the boat in which they pulled in at noon on the day of the race. The Coastguard harbour department and H.M.S. *Venus* followed.

At the close of the races his Highness presented the cups to the winners, congratulating them on their success. He expressed his pleasure at all he had seen and wished the club every success in the future, promising his patronage as of old.

The Egyptian Army band played selections of music during the afternoon.

The committee wish to acknowledge the kindness of the Alexandria Municipality, and of the City Police and Coastguard Administration, who assisted in keeping order on shore and afloat.

ALEXANDRIA SWIMMING CLUB.

On Saturday last the 60 yards juniors' and 110 yards seniors' championships of the Club were decided and resulted as follows.

Juniors: C.E.L. Randall 1st; H. Mitohinson 2nd; T. Bent 3rd. Randall won easily and it is his third successive victory in this race. The silver cup was presented by Messrs. Borman & Co.

Seniors: E.A. Darton 1st; F.E. Howard 2nd; A.A. Ecclestone 3rd. Darton and Howard swam neck and neck for about 70 yards, when the latter gained about 5 feet at the 90 yards mark, but Darton, swimming grandly eventually won an exciting race by a yard, with Ecclestone about 3 yards behind. The silver cup was presented by H. P. Kingham, Esq. and Darton has now won the championship twice in succession.

Next Saturday the 100 yards juniors' and 220 yards seniors' championships will be decided, after which a polo match versus H. M. S. *Venus* will take place.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Mohamed Pasha Mohsen left on Saturday for Shibrakhit to visit his estates.

Mr. Alexander Cockburn McBurnet, judge in the Tribunal of First Instance at Kenah, has been provisionally delegated to Assiout.

Lieutenant J. R. Bessett, the Royal Berkshire Regiment, has been taken on the strength of the Egyptian Army with the rank of Bimbashi, and is posted to the Upper Nile district.

Mr. Rowlett, Governor of the National Bank of Egypt, is staying on the Sussex coast.

M. Nicolas Bey Cosseray, dragoman to the French Consulate at Cairo, has been promoted to the rank of vice-consul.

The marriage of Mr. Henry Margosches and Miss Esther Karmann took place yesterday afternoon at the Jewish temple in the Ismailia quarter of Cairo. The function was largely attended, and was followed by a reception at the Grand Continental Hotel. The happy pair left to spend their honeymoon at Port Said.

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Miss Gladys Williams, Ramleh, and Mr. Ernest Pittcock, Suez.

Mr. G. D. Hornblower will return from leave on the 26th inst.

Fifteen days' leave has been granted to Mr. C. Crawley, to date from the 19th inst.

Mr. David Kirkwood Hunter has been appointed engineer in the 3rd Irrigation Circle.

Two months' leave, dating from the 4th inst. has been granted to Mr. A. Moroom, director of works to the 1st Circle of Irrigation.

Mr. C. Kahl, of the Ministry of the Interior, has returned to Cairo from the Lebanon.

We regret to announce the death, which took place at Alexandria on Saturday, of Mme Vve Marie E. Anastasiadi, née Christodulo. The funeral took place yesterday.

Among the latest visitors at the Eastern Exchange Hotel, Port Said, are Mr. E. Mairs, Mr. N. Ginnasoi, Hassan Mohamed Bey, Mr. Nishimatenis, Mrs. Kadono, Miss Stoebling, Mr. S. Loui, Mr. H. B. Spencer, Mr. H. C. Duburguet, Mr. E. W. Boyes, Mr. E. O. Fowler, Mr. E. Porter, Mrs. P. E. Perovial, Mr. and Mrs. J. Lytes, Mr. J. H. Marahan, Mr. P. Zurb, Mr. G. L. Black, Mr. A. B. Brewster, Mr. R. Korkemas, Mr. F. S. Leisinger, Capt. H. Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. C. Cope, Mr. Inglis, Mr. Brunton, Mr. C. Loodan, Mr. and Mrs. C. de Saint Chamas, Mr. and Mrs. Erba, Mr. St. John Diamond, Mrs. A. Singer, Mr. C. Casse, Mr. G. Ostmi, Capt. and Mrs. Tullock, Lady Mara, Mr. N. Naimeh, Mr. A. Papayanni.

THE LATE MAJOR JOHNSTONE.

The "Hillfoot's Record" contains an account of the funeral of the late Major L'Estrange Johnstone, R.E., general manager of the State Railways, which took place on Tuesday week at the family mausoleum at Alva. A service was held in the parish church, which was largely attended, and which was participated in by all the ministers of the town, Mr. Williamson presiding. Over the coffin was the Union Jack, on which rested the late officer's sword, whilst wreaths covered the top entirely. The bearers were men on the estate, followed by Mrs. James L'Estrange Johnstone and her two sons, Masters Jack and Harry Johnstone, Mrs. Johnstone, and Miss Johnstone of Alva, Miss L'Estrange, Miss Wanchope, Captain Dundas (Stirling), Mr. F. H. Trevithick (Chief Mechanical Engineer of Egyptian State Railways), Colonel Western (of the London office of Egyptian State Railways), the Provost, magistrates, and town councillors, representatives from various public bodies in Alva, as well as every interest and class there.

The procession from the church was headed by the volunteers, the band playing the Dead March. Among those present were:—The Earl of Mar and Kellie, Colonel Wardlaw Ramsay, Provost Scott (Tillioch), Colonel Hare, and Colonel Montague Johnstone.

SIR RICHARD TANGYE DEAD.

LONDON, October 14.
Sir Richard Tangye is dead. (Reuter.)

Sir Richard Tangye, F.R.G.S., J.P., was the head of the well-known engineering firm of Tangyes, Limited, Birmingham, London, Johannesburg, Sydney, etc., which is represented in Egypt by Messrs. Thos. Cook and Son. Sir Richard, who was born in Cornwall in 1838, was the founder, with his brother, Mr. George Tangye, of the Birmingham Art Gallery and Municipal School of Art. Besides being an eminent engineer, he had a taste for literature and among other works published "Reminiscences of Travel in Australia, America, and Egypt," "The Growth of a Great Industry," "The Two Protectors," etc. He was an ardent collector of MSS., books, prints, coins, medals, etc., in relation to Oliver Cromwell and the Commonwealth period, and possessed a very fine collection of these.

BULLETIN DE LA BOURSE

(Aujourd'hui à midi et demie.)

Ce sont toujours les opérations pour fin qui alimentent l'activité de notre marché et les valeurs traitées sont encore la Cassa di Sconto, les Nungovich Hotels, la Delta Land, l'Urbaine, le Comptoir, la New Egyptian et les Hooker; on échange aussi l'Agricole et la National Bank.

La hausse est presque générale; elle est particulièrement sensible pour la National Bank qui gagne 5/16 à 27 1/8, la Béhère 1/4 à 37 1/4, les Nungovich Hotels 5/16 à 18 1/4, la part de fondateur Comptoir 2 livres à 49.

L'Agricole s'avance à 9 3/4 acheteurs, la Ramleh Railway à 7 3/16, l'Alexandria Water à 13 3/4, la Daira à 16 7/8, la Cassa di Sconto à 232 1/2 et 228, la Banque d'Athènes à 141 1/2, la Delta Land à 3 7/8, la Nile Land à 16 5/8, l'Investment à 1 9/32, la Land Bank à 9, les Etates à 1 15/16, le Comptoir à 7 1/16 et 6 3/4, la Building Lands à 5 1/32, la New Egyptian à 33/5 et la Hooker à 1 1/8.

Par contre, la Delta Light fléchit à 11 13/16, les Markets à 27/9, la Silt & Soda à 21/9, l'Obligation Crédit Foncier à 334 et l'Anglo-American Nile à 5 1/2.

Circulaire H. De Vries et Boutigny

NOTES ET CRITIQUES

Le taux de l'escompte libre à Londres reste à 4 3/4 pour cent.

Hier, au Stock Exchange, le Consolidé anglais a haussé de 1/8 à 86 5/8. L'Unité s'est maintenue à 104 1/2, de même que la National Bank à 26 7/8 et la Daira à 16 7/8. L'Agricole a gagné 1/8 à 9 7/8 et la Delta Light autant à 11 3/4.

A Paris, l'action Crédit Foncier Egyptien est renseignée en reprise de 1 franc à 778. La Banque d'Athènes a réajusté de 2 francs à 145. L'emprunt russe 1906 a avancé de 40 centimes à 83.70.

Ainsi que nous l'avions fait pressentir dans notre Circulaire d'hier, les dispositions du marché se sont complétement modifiées ce matin. La tendance générale a été très bonne, d'un bout à l'autre de la séance, et les cours ont obtenu en reprise sur presque toute la ligne.

La National Bank a avancé à 26 7/8. L'Agricole est restée à 9 11/16. La Cassa di Sconto est remontée à 239-230 l'action ancienne et 225 la nouvelle. Le Comptoir Financier s'est inscrit à 7 l'action ancienne et 6 3/4 la nouvelle.

L'action Crédit Foncier s'est maintenue à 777, la part de fondateur a gagné 10 francs à 990; l'Obligation à lots ancienne est revenue à 387-388.

La Béhère a encore progressé de 1/4 à 37 1/4. La Nile Land a passé de 16 1/16 à 16 1/4. La part de fondateur Enterprise and Development a été mieux tenue à 22 1/8-1/4.

En excellente tendance, les Improvements ont haussé de 1/4 de livre à 5 15/16. L'action Allotment s'est raffermie à 3 3/8-7/16 et la part de fondateur à 129. L'action Entreprises Immobilières et Travaux a été traitée à 4 3/8; la part de fondateur a obtenu à 89.

Les Jouissances Baux du Caire se sont encore alourdies à 262-263. L'Anglo-American Nile a été l'objet d'une bonne demande, qui l'a portée à 5 9/16. Les Automobiles du Caire ont débuté à 6 3/4 pour clôturer à 6 11/16-3/4.

Dans le groupe des valeurs hôtelières, les Nungovich ont progressé à 17 7/8. Les Egyptian ont avancé de 5/32 à 6 3/4. Les Upper Egypt se sont consolidés à 5 1/8. La part de fondateur National Hotel a fait 68.

Dans le compartiment des petites valeurs, les Delta Land ont atteint 3 25/32 pour clôturer fermes à 3 3/4. Les New Egyptian ont été l'objet d'un large mouvement pendant toute la séance; ils ont obtenu en très bonne tendance à 32 sh. 6. Les Markets ont également avancé à 28 sh., la Khedivial Mail à 36 sh. et la part de fondateur Etates à 12 7/8. Les Salt and Soda ont rétrogradé à 21 sh. 3 et les Sucrières à 24-25 francs.

Le mouvement de hausse qui a commencé à se dessiner sur les actions de la New Egyptian Co. n'a pas dû surprendre ceux qui sont au courant de l'excellente situation de cette Société foncière, à laquelle la plus-value constante des terrains assure un avenir florissant.

En apparence, ce mouvement a été déterminé par la nouvelle que la Compagnie vient de s'assurer, à des conditions extrêmement avantageuses, une concession de 15,000 feddans de bons terrains à Khartoum.

Mais, si nos informations sont exactes, cette hausse, qui paraît être appelée à s'accroître fortement, doit être plutôt attribuée à des raisons d'ordre plus immédiat et plus positif, sur lesquelles nous serons bientôt à même de renseigner nos lecteurs.

Carnet de l'actionnaire.
Les actionnaires de la Société anonyme "Le Khédive" (fabrication et exportation de cigarettes) sont informés que le coupon No. 10 est payable, à partir du 15 Octobre courant, à raison de Frs. 6 par action privilégiée et Frs. 3 par action ordinaire aux bureaux de la Société à Alexandrie.

Les recettes de la Delta Light Railways Co. pour la semaine du 6 Octobre courant se sont élevées à L.E. 5,715 contre 4,203 en 1905, soit en augmentation de L.E. 1,512.

Les recettes totales depuis le 1er Avril 1906 ont atteint L.E. 108,709 contre 93,450 en 1905, soit en plus-value de L.E. 10,259 pour l'exercice courant.

SHIPPING MOVEMENTS.

ALEXANDRIA HARBOUR.

ARRIVALS.

October 13.
Helios, Aust. s. capt. Bergulian, Constantinople and Port Said, Austrian Lloyd.
V. K. Alexandre, Rus. s. capt. Wenjinsky, Port Said, Cie Russe.
Sailor Prince, Brit. s. capt. Jones, Middlebrough and Malta, Grace & Co.
Avon, Brit. s. capt. Lancaster, Glasgow and Malta, Tanvaco.
Olimpia, Greek s. capt. Cofapandis, Batoum, Maounis.

October 14.
Licurgo, Sam. s. capt. Tramados, Cos, Maounis.
Syrian Prince, Brit. s. capt. Jenkins, Manchester and Malta, Grace & Co.
Memfi, Ital. s. capt. Benedetto, Genoa and Messina, Florio Rubattino.
Ismaïlia, Brit. s. capt. Anderlich, Constantinople and Pireus, Khedivial Mail.

October 15.
Habsburg, Aust. s. capt. Klausberger, Trieste and Brindisi, Asiatian Lloyd.
Bear, Brit. s. capt. Gaskell, Larnaca and Port Said, Asia Minor.
Cornilio, Greek s. capt. Calafatis, Smyrna Cavavakis.

DEPARTURES.

October 13.
Cleopatra, Aust. s. capt. Ivelich, Brindisi and Trieste.
Prince Abbas, Brit. s. capt. Damir, Syria.
Alexandre, Rus. s. capt. Voinovich, Port Said and Odessa.
Magda, Greek s. capt. Papalas, Constantinople.
Athènes, Greek s. capt. Catramatos, Pireus and Crete.
Maria, Ott. s. capt. Caramouzis, Trebizonda.
Regina Elena, Ital. s. capt. Rizzo, Catania, in ballast.
Craigellachie, Brit. s. capt. Wilkinson, Braila, in ballast.
Britannia, Ital. s. capt. Biagini, Caïfa, in ballast.

October 14.
Asiatic Prince, Brit. s. capt. Burwoth, Malta and Manchester.
Marie Elizabeth, French s. capt. Luciani, Syria, with part of previous cargo.
Sambre, Belg. s. capt. Piette, Smyrna, in ballast.
Stanley Hall, Brit. s. capt. Thomas, Port Said, in ballast.
Constantinos, Greek s. capt. Synodinos, Braila, in ballast.



GOVERNMENT STORES AUCTION.

The public is hereby notified that the auction of Government stores at Mustapha Barracks has been postponed until further notice. 28669-1

Egyptian Delta Light Railways, Ltd.

NOTICE.

For the convenience of those travelling during the Ramadan holidays the following changes will be made in the time table to date from the 18th and up to the end of October.

Train No. 36 will leave Bab-el-Louk Station at 11.15 p.m. instead of 12.30 a.m.
Extra trains will leave Bab-el-Louk and Helouan daily at 1.15 a.m.
From the 1st of November a new time table will come in force. 28662-4-1

PORT SAID ENGINE WORKS.

Dowrie & Co., Port Said, have on hand a large quantity of boilers, engines, lathes, pumps, fan blaste, etc.; also a large stock of cast iron, about 20,000 second-hand pipes, spigot and faucet type in good condition 6" and 8" diameter. Owing to removal of Works these must be cleared. Offers at from Frs. 60 per ton upwards (according to the article) will therefore be considered if received in time. Exceptional opportunity. Boilers are fully serviceable for steaming or at the price would make excellent storage tanks.
Don't miss this chance. No responsible offer will be refused. 28653-15-A-2

FOR SALE.

Corrugated iron warehouse built on iron columns covering an area of 3,000 s.m. Apply: Bonded Warehouse Co. Ltd., Alexandria. 28608-6A-4

Societe Internationale des Employes d'Alexandrie

A dater du 15 Octobre le siège social de la Société Internationale des Employes d'Alexandrie est transféré Rue Sidi el Metwalli No. 20, et rue Hammam el Zahab No. 1 au 1er étage. 28663-6-1

Eastern Telegraph Co. Ltd.

AVERAGE TIME occupied in transmission of Egyptian telegrams from England to Alexandria on Saturday, 13th October, 1906.

OUTWARDS.
Between the hours of 10 a.m. and 6 p.m. (Cairo time)

FROM	The Company's Offices	Postal Telegraph Offices.
London...	24	53
Liverpool...	18	—
Manchester...	31	—
Glasgow...	21	—
Other Provincial Offices...	—	51

Cheap Prepaid Advertisements.

Under this heading advertisements are inserted at the following rates:—

	ONCE	3 TIMES	6 TIMES
15 words	P.T. 5	P.T. 10	P.T. 15
30 words	" 8	" 16	" 24
Every 10 words, beyond 30.	" 2	" 4	" 6

The address is counted. The advertisement must appear on consecutive days for above rates to be obtained. 50% extra is charged, the advertisements not appearing consecutively.

A GARD'S INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRIES AND TRADE MARKS REGISTER.
A useful business directory containing addresses of all important business firms of Great Britain, the Continent, and Egypt. Circulating all over Europe and America. Price—One pound Sterling. Post Free. AGARD'S INTERNATIONAL HOTEL GUIDE sent post free to all first class Hotels throughout Europe, America, the Colonies and Egypt. The best reference book for travellers.

A VENDRE Restaurant-Bar bonne situation, clientèle choisie. Pour tous renseignements écrire à "Antoine 55 poste restante Alexandrie." 28653-6-3

ARISTON Aerated Waters: Guaranteed Disinfectant: Soda Water, Store Ginger Beer, Lemonade, Ginger Ale, Fruit Champagnes, etc. Factory Sharia Sahal, Kasr-el-Nil, Cairo. Depot No. 7, Rue de la Poste, Alexandria. 28664-12-1

BLICKENSCHER TYPEWRITERS.—London Prices. Address to the Agent, Post Office Box No. 35, Alexandria. 30-9-06A

ENGLISHMAN wants position as secretary or clerk in Egypt or Sudan, good business experience and high references. Apply No. 28645. "Egyptian Gazette," Cairo (fr. s.). 28645-6-4

ECOLE pour jeunes gens de 10 à 20 ans. Etude approfondie des langues: Préparation aux études techniques et commerciales. Programme des gymnases, 5 professeurs. Internat complet. Prop. Jacard, Villa Silvratta et Orient-Ville, Lausanne-Suisse. 28362-12-3

GENTLEMAN with long commercial experience in Egypt, South and East Africa, good bookkeeper and correspondent, English, French, German, colloquial Italian, Greek, and Arabic desires position in any capacity with first-class firm. Write to "Competent," 134, Winston Road, London, N. 28658-2-2

INDICATEUR EGYPTIEN, Administrative et Commercial, for the year 1907 (year 21) will appear in December next, complete and corrected. For anything which concerns the addition of 1907 address by post to the editor and proprietor, Stefano Poffandi, at Alexandria. 28464-37-30

MRS. BOUCHER'S Nursing Institute, 3 and 3a Pimlico Road, London, supplies (on receipt of full particulars) Housekeepers, Secretaries, Governesses, and Nurses of all descriptions, including monthly and children's. No fee till suited. Also (without charge) good schools for both boys and girls. Only those which are personally inspected placed on the list. 28631-25-8

MERCHANT, wishing to extend business, seeks sleeping partner with small capital; great advantages; shop situated in very centre of city. Write for appointment to M. P. 151, Poste Restante, Alexandria. 28612-6-5

SMART TRAVELLER required by English firm knowing Cairo well State full particulars. P.O.B. 445, Cairo. 28665-6-1

UNE SUISSESE de Genève et d'un certain âge, enseignant à fond le français, l'anglais, l'allemand, l'italien et le piano, cherche une place d'institutrice. Bonnes références. S'adr.: Alexandria, Poste restante, Mme M. Lamy. 28667-6A-1

WANTED smart boy for Alexandria having knowledge of books, send full particulars. P.O.B. 576, Cairo. 28666-6-1

YOUNG GENTLEMAN seeks employment as cashier. £500 guarantee if required. Apply L.O. "Egyptian Gazette." 28619-6-4

YOUNG SWISS, speaking English, French and German is anxious to get position in Export house or elsewhere. W. B. c/o this paper. 28657-3-3

Administration des Chemins de Fer de l'Etat Egyptien

AVIS

L'Administration des Chemins de Fer et des Télégraphes de l'Etat a l'honneur de porter à la connaissance du Public que le Bureau Télégraphique de Khanka est supprimé à partir du 11 Octobre 1906, et sera transféré à La Caire, le 12 Octobre 1906. 28660-2-2

BOURSE KHEDIVIALE

CONTRATS.
Fluctuations de 9h.30 à 1h. p.m.
Cotons F.G.F.Br.
Dans la matinée; prix plus haut pour nov. talaris 17 19/32 à —; plus bas pour nov. 17 1/2 à —.
Graines de coton
Dans la matinée; prix plus haut pour 3 mois P.T. 64 25/40 à —; plus bas pour 3 mois 64 25/40 à —.
REMARKES.
(De midi à 1h. p.m.)
Cotons.—Le calme a continué, mais en clôture il y a eu une légère reprise qui ne modifie en rien la situation du marché. La tendance est hésitante.
Graines de coton.—Toujours calmes, mais presque sans changement dans les prix. Marché soutenu.
Fèves.—Marché nul.
Bourse Khédiviale, le 13 octobre 1906.

COTONS

copie de la dépêche
DE L'ALEXANDRIA GENERAL PRODUCE ASSOCIATION
à la
LIVERPOOL COTTON ASSOCIATION
(Cours pratiqués ce jour à la Bourse Khédiviale à 10h.15 a.m.)
Tal. 17 5/8 - Livraison Novembre
" 17 11/16 " Janvier
" 17 16/16 " Mars
" 18 1/4 " Mai
Marché fermé
Arrivages de 2 jours, à Minet-el-Bassal, can. 93920.
(Cours pratiqués ce jour à la Bourse Khéd. à 1h. p.m.)
" 17 25/32 Livraison Novembre
" 17 25/32 " Janvier
" 18 1/2 " Mars
" 18 3/8 " Mai
Marché ferme

MARCHÉ DE MINET-EL-BASSAL

15 octobre 1906.—(11h.55 a.m.)
Cotons.—Clôture du marché du 13 octobre: Calme.

Fair, Fully Fair, Good Fair, Fully Good Fair et Good: 1/2 de baisse
HAUTE-EGYPTE ET FAYOUM
Fair, Fully Fair, Good Fair, Fully Good Fair et Good: 1/2 de baisse

ABASSI
Fully Good Fair, Good, Extra: Sans changement
JOANNOVICH
Fully Good Fair, Good, Extra: Sans changement

Etat du marché de ce jour, cotons: Calmes.
Les arrivages de ce jour se chiffrent par cantars 96345 contre même jour l'année précédente can. 44450.
Graines de coton.—En baisse

	Disponible	Ticket
Mit-Aff-64	Rien	Rien
Haute-Egypte-63	Rien	Rien
Blés.—Fermes		
Qualité Saïdi.—Cond. Saha P.T. — à —		
" Béhère — " 105 — 115		
Fèves.—Marché nul		
Saïdi: Disponible.		
Pavoum: Disponible.		
Qualité Saïdi. Cond. Saha P.T. 120 à 125		
Lesilles.—Fermes		
Disponible: Rien		
Cond. Saha P.T. 130 à 135		
Orges.—Soutenus		
Cond. Saha P.T. 65 à 68		
Maïs.—Soutenus		
Disponible: Rien.		
Cond. Saha P.T. 80 à 85		

Exportation du 13 et 14 oct. dep. le 12 oct.
Coton Bal. 5979 Bal. 8458
Gr. de cot. Ard. 3558 Ard. 5509
Fèves — — — —

DOMAINES DE L'ETAT (Agence d'Alexandrie)

Arrivages

Coton.—Balles 96—cantars 605, provenance Sakha

Les prix suivants ont été pratiqués ce jour:

	COTON
(BASSE-EGYPTE)	
Province Béhère	
Damanhour ... De P.T. 345 à 352 1/2	
Province Garbiche	
Kafr-Zayat ... De P.T. 371 1/2 à 382 1/2	
Tantah ... " 375 " 382 1/2	
Province Menoufié	
Menouf ... De P.T. 365 à 370	
(MOYENNE-EGYPTE)	
Province Fayoum	
Fayoum ... De P.T. 310 à 315	
(HAUTE-EGYPTE)	
Beni Souef ... De P.T. 317 1/2 à 325	
Bihé ... " " " "	
Minieh ... " " " "	

SECTION DES GRAINES ET CEREALES

PRIX FRANCO-ALGERIE	DISPONIBLE	TICKET
Graines de coton Aff. — P.T. 64 — à P.T. —		
Haute-Egypte. — " 63 — " —		
Blé Saïdi. — " — " —		
Fèves Saïdi. — " — " —		
Fayoum — " — " —		

ARRIVAGES

des dimanche 14 et lundi 15 octobre 1906

Documents de l'Alexandria General Produce Assoc.

	CHERCHES DE FER	BARQUES
Cotons	S/B 11740	
Graines de coton	sacs 50640	
Blés Saïdi	" 36	
" Béhère	" 221	
Fèves Saïdi	" 315	
" Béhère	" —	
Orges	" —	
Maïs	" —	
Lesilles	" 65	

Cotons.—Total des arrivages depuis le 1er septembre 1906 jusqu'à ce jour, cantars 797,124.
Graines de coton.—Total des arrivages depuis le 1er septembre 1906 jusqu'à ce jour Ard. 460,527.
Centre même jour en 1905:

	BARQUES ET CHERCHES DE FER
Coton	S/B 7797
Graines de coton	sacs 27631
Blés Saïdi	" —
" Béhère	" —
Fèves Saïdi	" 24
" Béhère	" —
Orges	" —
Maïs	" —
Lesilles	" —
Cotons.—Total des arrivages depuis le 1er septembre 1905 jusqu'à ce jour, cantars 586,781.	
Graines de coton.—Total des arrivages depuis le 1er septembre 1905 jusqu'à ce jour, ardebs 337,600.	

CONTRATS. (11 h. 55 a.m.)
Cours de la Bourse de Minet-el-Bassal
Coton F.G.F.Br.

Novembre	Tal. 17 9/16 à —
Janvier	" 17 11/16 " —
Mars	" 17 15/16 " —
Mai	" 18 1/4 " —
Juillet	" 18 1/2 " —
Graines de coton	
Nov.-Décembre-Janvier. P.T. 64 20/40 à —	
Février-Mars ... " 65 30/40 " —	
Fèves Saïdi	
Octobre ... " P.T. 110 — " 112	
Nov.-Décembre-Janvier. " 113 — " 114	
REMARKES:	
Coton.—Nouvelle Récolte.—Le marché a ouvert soutenu à 17 5/8 mais il se calme ensuite un peu. Affaires modérées.	
Graines de coton.—Nouvelle récolte.—L'article est plutôt offert. Premier cours 64 25/40.	
Fèves Saïdi.—Nouvelle récolte.—Marché nul.	

REUTERS' TELEGRAMS.

CLOSING REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, October 13, 12.35 p.m.
Sale of the day ... bales 5,000
Of which Egyptian ... 500
American new maize, Spot per cental ... 47 1/2
American futures (November-December) ... 5.87
" (March-April) ... 5.92
American middling ... 6.33
Egyptian fully good fair, delivery (October) 9 25/64
" (November) 9 9/64
" (January) 8 58/64
" (March) 8 55/64
Egyptian Brown fair (per lb. d.) ... 8 4/16
" good fair ... 9 1/16
" good ... 10 9/16
" fully good fair ... 9 12/16
Egyptian said beans (new per 45 lb) —
Cotton Weekly total sales ... bales 42,000
On speculation ... 1,500
For export ... 68,000
Forwarded consumers ... 50,000
Total Import ... 2,000
Actual export ... 210,000
East India afloat ... 1,000
American afloat ... 260,000
Egyptian Cotton On speculation ... 2,200
" Weekly sales ... 18,000
" Stock ... 4,000
Forwarded to consumers ... 600
Actual Export ... 4,500
Import ... —

NEW YORK, October 13.
Spot Cotton ... 11.20
American Futures (November) ... 11.04
" (December) ... 11.01
" (March) ... 11.21
" (April) ... 11.23
Cable transfers ... dol. 4.85 1/2
Cotton day's receipts at all U.S. Ports, bales 50,000

NEW ORLEANS, October 13.
Cotton Spot ... 11 1/8
" Futures December ... 11.20
" January ... 11.29
LIVERPOOL, October 13.

AMERICAN FUTURES (November-December) ... 5.88
LONDON, October 13.

Bar Silver (per oz d.)	32 1/2 p/o
Private discount (3 month bills)	4 1/2 p/o
Consols (November)	86 1/2
Egyptian Unified	104 1/2
Turkish Unified	93 —
Rio Tinto	74 1/2
New Daira	17 —
Agricultural Bank	9 1/2
National Bank of Egypt	27 —
Rand Mines New	6 1/2
Chartered of S. Africa	1 18/32
Nile Valley Gold Mine	New — 10/32
New Egyptians	1 18/32
The Western Oasis Corporation 14/32 premium	
Delta Light (Bearing Shares)	11 1/2
Egyptian Railway	101 —
" Domain	103 —
Ottoman Defence	101 1/2
Italian Rente 4 o/o	101 1/4
Greek Monopoly	53 —
Greek Rent 4 o/o	40 1/2
Ottoman Bank	16 1/2
Egyptian oct. seed to Hull (October) 6 9/16 firm	
German Beet Sugar (October)	9 5/8
£760,000 were withdrawn from the Bank to-day for Egypt	

THE RUSSIAN TERRORS.

BOMBS FOUND IN CHURCHES.

BATUM, October 13.
Forty-six bombs and quantities of firearms were discovered in two Armenian churches at Shusha. Three priests have been arrested. (R.)

ST. PETERSBURG, October 13.
The arrest of M. Tarassenko, ex-President of the Duma, has provoked a fierce fight at Voronezh. (Havas)

ST. PETERSBURG, October 14.
The police were forewarned and arrested several Anarchists, including a Russian student, immediately on arrival from abroad yesterday. 30 pounds of dynamite and other explosives were found in their luggage. (R.)

MAYORAL VISIT TO PARIS.

PARIS, October 13.
The Lord Mayor of London and Councillors have arrived here on their state visit. They had a most enthusiastic reception. (Reuter)

PARIS, October 13.
The Lord Mayor and seventy Municipal Councillors have arrived. They were very cordially welcomed. (Havas)

RIOT AT LONGCHAMPS.

PARIS, October 14.
The crowd at Longchamps, infuriated at the success of an outsider, the favourite being left at the post, invaded the race-course and raided and set fire to the official betting offices. A number of bets were returned and the meeting was abandoned. Troops were summoned. (Reuter)

PARIS, October 14.
At Longchamps the public were dissatisfied with the races, and raided and set fire to the Pari Mutuel office. Sixty arrests have been made. (Havas)

STEAMER ON FIRE.

HONG KONG, October 14.
The S.S. Hankow has been burned at the wharf here. Hundreds of Chinese passengers have been incinerated, and a valuable cargo destroyed. The European passengers and crew were saved. (Reuter)

HONG KONG, October 14.
A fire has destroyed the steamer Hankow. Hundreds of Chinese perished. (Havas)

U. S. A. AND CUBA.

HAVANA, October 14.
Mr. Taft and General Fontan have left. In a proclamation Mr. Magoon declares that he will carry out Mr. Taft's assurances and exercise his powers for the preservation of the independence of the Island. (Reuter)

GENERAL STOESEL RETIRED.

ST. PETERSBURG, October 14.
General Stoessel has been placed on the retired list for reasons of health. (Havas)

AMIENS LABOUR CONGRESS.

PARIS, October 14.
At the Labour Congress at Amiens it was resolved to spread and intensify the anti-militarist and anti-patriotic propaganda, because the army always intervened on behalf of employers. (Reuter)

LORD ELGIN'S DESPATCH.

MALTA, October 13.
The Archbishop has sent a letter to the King praying him not to sanction Lord Elgin's instructions. (Reuter)

NATAL REBEL CHIEFS.

DURBAN, October 13.
Two Natal rebel chiefs have been court-martialled and sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment with hard labour. (Reuter)

REBUILDING OF VALPARAISO.

SANTIAGO, October 13.
The Government has presented a Bill for the rebuilding of Valparaiso. (Reuter)

FRENCH TROOPS IN CHINA.

PARIS, October 13.
It is understood that France has decided to maintain her troops in China at the present strength. (Reuter)

DEATH OF GATTI.

LONDON, October 13.
Stefano Gatti, the millionaire restaurateur, is dead. (Reuter)

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

LONDON, October 13.
The South Africans beat Yorkshire by 34 points to nil. (Reuter)

TURKEY AND PERSIA.

THE FRONTIER DISPUTE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, October 14.
The Turkish commissioners claim the whole of the disputed Persian frontier territory and threaten to break off negotiations. The Persians referred the matter to Teheran. The claim was rejected, and other proposals submitted. The Turks, however, have refused to enter into further discussion. (Reuter)

THE SULTAN'S SUCCESSOR.

"An Old Turk" contributes to the "Figaro" some interesting information concerning Abdul Hamid's presumptive heir, Reshad Effendi, and the other possible successors to the Sultan's throne, which in all human probability will be soon left vacant.

For months past all Europe has been contemplating with some anxiety the disappearance of Abdul Hamid, as it may be the signal for all sorts of complications and even conflict. In the Turkish Empire the population is kept in almost complete ignorance of the critical condition of its autocratic ruler, but, according to "An Old Turk," none of Abdul Hamid's subjects is more ignorant of his condition than his presumptive heir, Reshad Effendi, who is sixty-two years of age, and has for many years been waiting his turn to reign, as a prisoner awaits his liberation at an undetermined date. He has been shut up, and he has seen no one but his slaves and his jailers. He had read nothing, because books are prohibited in his palace prison. He knows no one, and no one knows him. He is suffering from diabetes, and perhaps is more seriously ill than Abdul Hamid. He would inaugurate his reign by the application of Midhat Pasha's Constitution, improved and extended. There are many other pretenders, and amongst them are two sons of Abdul Medjid, four sons of Abdul Aziz, and the son of Abdul Hamid.

"An Old Turk" points out that the succession to the throne depends on various persons, at the head of whom is the Sheikh-ul-Islam. Among his attributes is the privilege of announcing the death of the Sultan and of proclaiming his successor. He is an enlightened man, with liberal ideas, and he has with him all the Old Turks. That party must not be regarded as either fanatical or intolerant. The "Figaro" rather affirms that they are to-day partisans of a constitutional Government, and that they will exert themselves to the utmost to secure its establishment in their country. Whoever may be Abdul Hamid's successor, the Old Turks will exercise a preponderating influence at the beginning of his reign.

STEAMER COMPANY EXPANSIONS.

"Engineering" remarks that several of the large Continental steamer companies have just increased, or are about to increase, their capital very materially. Heading the list stands the Hamburg-America line, with an increase of 20,000,000 marks, which will make the total share capital 120,000,000 marks, in addition to which it has a debenture capital of about 50,000,000 marks, while its reserve funds amount in the aggregate to some 27,000,000 marks. The present year is the sixtieth of the company's existence, and at the end of last year its fleet had an aggregate tonnage of 811,948 registered tons gross. The last two years have been exceptionally lucrative, and the revenue for 1905 amounted to about 38,000,000 marks, of which 24,000,000 marks were applied to various writings off. The directors point out that the company in almost all directions is in need of new tonnage, and that the building of new steamers has become a necessity. In the North Atlantic trade it is proposed to employ new steamers of the Amerika and the Kaiserin Augusta Victoria type, so that on this route there will be a weekly service of these splendid boats. One of these new ships will be built by Messrs. Harland and Wolff, Belfast, and the other by the Vulcan Company, of Stettin. The Hamburg-South America, the Hamburg-West Indies, and the New York-West Indies services, however, also require new steamers. In addition to these requirements, the company is about to start a new fast service between Genoa and La Plata and Brazil, for which line two boats are being built. The fleet in the Chinese waters will also be increased, and the same applies to the new route to ports in the Sudan and the Persian Gulf. The Norddeutscher Lloyd is understood to be about to extend its capital to 125,000,000 marks. This company's last increase of capital took place in 1902 (with 20,000,000 marks); it has a reserve fund of 26,880,000 marks. The company's fleet comprises 184 steamers—viz., 86 ocean steamers, of an aggregate tonnage of 557,912 registered tons; 48 coasting steamers, of an aggregate tonnage of 68,653 tons; and 50 river steamers, of an aggregate of 5,849 registered tons. Last year the North German Lloyd paid their shareholders 7½ per cent., against 2 per cent. in 1904, 6 per cent. in 1903, and no dividend in 1902.

THE GENIAL TURK.

THE SULTAN AND HIS CAPITAL.

In the "Fortnightly Review" for October, Chedo Mijalovitch, former Serbian Minister in Constantinople, gives an unconventional appreciation of Abdul-Hamid, in whom he finds "a peculiar modesty, timidity, and tenderness which are quite womanly. He always looks earnest, almost sad, as if he were subdued by the consciousness of his great responsibilities. He smiles quietly, almost sadly, very often, but he hardly ever laughs loudly. He is distinctly a man of aesthetic taste. He is fond of flowers, of beautiful women, of fine horses, of lovely views of sea and land, of everything that is beautiful. He is an affectionate father. He takes care that the ladies of his harem shall enjoy higher pleasures, and provides for their concerts and theatricals. He can be, and is, a friend to his friends. He is able to contract devoted deep and faithful friendships. The former British Ambassador in Constantinople, Sir William White, won his personal friendship and retained it to the end of his days. . . . The so-called successes of German diplomacy in Constantinople are really not the successes of the supposed superior ability of German diplomats; they are simply the results of the deep personal attachment of Abdul-Hamid to Emperor William.

"What I especially admire in Sultan Abdul-Hamid is his evident desire to be fair, not to do an injustice, even indirectly, to anyone. He loves to consider almost every question from a philosophical point of view. I can give you a typical instance of this. When the telegrams announced the formal engagement of King Alexander of Serbia with Madame Draga Mashin, the Sultan sent for me, asking me at the same time to bring, if I could, a photograph of the King's fiancée. I did so. The Sultan looked at the photograph for some time, observed that Mrs. Draga was evidently a handsome woman, and that she had beautiful eyes. 'Yet,' he said, in his quiet, earnest manner, 'I cannot sufficiently wonder that King Alexander, who seemed to me a very young man, should commit such a folly! No doubt the day will arrive when he will see clearly himself what a folly he has committed.' And then, after a prolonged silence, he continued: 'But, after all, what right have we to complain? What right have we even to criticize? Can a man escape his destiny? And is it fair to forget what an irresistible power love has? Where is the strong man who is not weak when he finds himself alone with a woman with whom he is in love? And are we not all liable sometimes to commit follies? Does love ever ask what is your rank and your dignity? Does love ever ask what your father and your mother will say to that? Does it ever listen to reason? I, verily, do not think we have a right to laugh at the folly of this young man. Poor Alexander is evidently deeply in love with Draga. All we can do is to wish for him that his love be crowned by true and lasting happiness. I will wire him my best wishes, but you must also let him know that I shall always rejoice to hear of his happiness.' Sultan Abdul-Hamid evidently knew what love was, and he seems to have reduced his own experiences to philosophical principles, which led him to be fair and charitable to others."

With so genial and sentimental a monarch to control the fortunes of his subjects, it may be a little astonishing to learn what sort of a place Constantinople is as described by a writer in "Blackwood." Perhaps we may take both accounts with a grain of salt:—

"To the foreigner the commonly accepted percentage of spies among the population is simply incredible, but accounts at any rate for the taciturnity of the Turks. The objects in a man's mind when he enrols himself as a member of this detestable profession are two—first, as an unprotected subject of the Sultan to guarantee himself as far as he can from the 'depositions' of others; and, secondly, of course, for the pecuniary interest. It is easy to condemn this class, but often they are obliged to 'eat the bread of infamy and take the wages of shame,' and have only the alternative of suffering themselves and bringing ruin upon their families. The spies of Stambul are more efficient as the channels of transmission than as medium for the reception of news. It is said that daily an army of men is sent forth from the Palace to propagate whatever rumour seems at the moment most desirable. By these means the Porte is able to produce any impression it wishes upon the uneducated Moslem of Stambul. The Armenian massacres were foreseen long before they took place, but their methodical preparation only preceded the perpetration of the slaughter by some eight hours. . . . The extent to which espionage exists in Stambul is seen in many ways. It has, for instance, often been my fortune to meet and make friends with Turks while travelling, only, however, to end the acquaintance abruptly at Constantinople, for it is hardly ever that a Mussulman dare invite or accept an invitation from a foreigner, either to the public restaurant or the privacy of his own house. Stambul is creaked from end to end with suspicion. There is scarcely any society amongst the dominant race, and it is no exaggeration to say that the city lives under the shadow of a reign of terror."

A KAID'S INFIDEL VISITORS.

MOORISH ANARCHY.

A lady resident at Tangiers writes as follows to the "Pall Mall Gazette":—
More than once I had seen the redoubtable chieftain, "Kaid" Hamad Anfloos, while, mounted on a superb chestnut barb, he led his fierce Berber cavalry in the wild rush of a "Powder Play" charge. These performances, which were, by the way, the finest exhibitions of the kind which the Picture City has ever seen, were part of a carefully-thought-out scheme for terrorising the loyal portion of this seaport, and inspiring the mob, still wavering between loyalty and rebellion. Then came the anti-Jewish riots, followed by the expulsion of some five hundred or more Hebrews from their homes. The town Governor, the Sultan's own nominee, was powerless before the force at Anfloos's disposal, and had to obey the Berber chieftain's dictates to the letter. Meanwhile, the wires were flashing "Revolution in Morocco!" and the French cruiser was on her way southwards from Tangiers to protect the European population, and was, I am told, to "turn Anfloos out."

It was at this critical moment that—against the advice of more than one old resident—I summoned up courage to ask an audience of Kaid Anfloos. My native page returned with the laconic message: "Welcome, at ten in the morning." Accompanied by a young French lady and the page, I found my way along the narrow lane known as Agadir "street" to the town residence of his rebel lordship.

We were met in the arched doorway by a singularly courteous Moor, robed in flowing cream hued haik, who turned out to be my lord's lieutenant-governor, or "Khalifa." Escorting by him, we traversed a rather squalid, white-walled yard leading into the stables, where, seated on a big "ferta" (a cushion of grass mat, stuffed with straw), lounged a thick-set, heavy man, seemingly more than half asleep. At a word from the Khalifa, the broad, coarse face was slowly raised towards us. Never in my life have I seen such a combination of sullen pride, fanatical reserve, and self-satisfied animalism. But the eye! The word aquint is wholly insufficient to describe them. Instead of converging, they each look outwards in a different direction, their gaze imparting a horrible confirmation of the impression given by the other features.

The great man deigned, without otherwise moving, to offer his paw to be shaken, Christian fashion, and was kind enough to ask "La bis alikum!—Are you well?" The vice-governor then beckoned to us to be seated at some distance—on European chairs, actually borrowed in our honour—and tea and cakes were handed round, of which luxuries, by the by, his lordship abstained from partaking in infidel company.

A Disconcerting Experience.
Then, leaning heavily against the wall, he went to sleep!

As an "interview" this was distinctly discouraging. I wanted to take my leave, but was begged by the polite Khalifa to stay, as there was a present for us. So, chatting with this most agreeable of officials, we waited one mortal hour, learning incidentally not a little of the political situation and of Anfloos's over-weening confidence in his mission as a restorer of Islam. For years he has declared, and his tribes have got to believe, that there is no Sultan, and no *Makhzen* or Government. "For the moment I am Sultan" is his motto and his policy.

On awaking, he said a word in Shillab, the Berber tongue, whereupon two slaves rushed in with a large white cloth, which they carefully adjusted round his bull neck, so as to cover him to the knees. "Is dinner going to be served?" I whispered to Mlle. J., under the impression that we were to be feasted on the national dish, "couscous."

Nothing of the sort. His lordship was only going to be shaved. The barber came in and performed the operation deftly, removing the hair under the chin after the Moslem custom, trimming the sides of the black beard, and clipping the moustache. Then, removing the sweet creature's turban, he shaved his head close.

Nor was the show yet over. Calling for scissors, he stolidly favoured us with an exhibition of his skill, not only as a manicurist, but as a pedicurist. All this without a word addressed to the infidel visitors.

Then, condescending for the second time to gaze somewhere in our direction, he said "May Allah give you peace—Allah Ibennekum!"—which is the Moorish equivalent for "You may go." And we went.

It may be imagined that this very imperfect sketch of the arch-rebel is too highly coloured. I can give the solemn assurance, that in my unique interview with "Kaid" Anfloos there was no need for exaggeration.

Early the next morning the present was brought to me. It turned out to be a remarkably fine cow. While we were discussing a suitable counter-offering, the news was ringing through the town, "Anfloos has gone!" So he had, bag and baggage, about sunrise. That same afternoon the French cruiser steamed into the bay. His abrupt departure had saved Mogador from a particularly bad quarter of an hour.

KHEDIVIAL OPERA HOUSE.

The Performances under the Distinguished Patronage of THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF CROMER, G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., K.C.S.I.

MONDAY, 22nd OCTOBER, 1906.

For 12 Performances Only!

THE BANDMANN OPERA Co.

Under the Personal Direction of MAURICE E. BANDMANN, and by special arrangement with Mr. GEORGES EDWARDES, GAITY THEATRE, LONDON, will present the following latest London Successes:—
MONDAY, October 22nd.
(First time in Cairo.)
LADY MADCAP, from the Prince of Wales Theatre.

TUESDAY, 23rd.

A RUNAWAY GIRL. The Greatest Gaiety Success.

WEDNESDAY, 24th.

ALADDIN, Mr. Bandmann's Enormously Successful Xmas Pantomime & Extravaganza.

THURSDAY, 25th.

THE CATCH OF THE SEASON, from the Vaudeville Theatre, London.

FRIDAY, 26th.

The Favourite Musical Comedy SERGEANT BRUE (of the C. Division), from the Prince of Wales Theatre, London.

SATURDAY, 27th.

THE SPRING CHICKEN. The Latest Gaiety Success.

MONDAY, 29th.

Andre Messager's beautiful Comic Opera. THE LITTLE MICHUS, from Daly's Theatre, London.

TUESDAY, 30th.

Sidney Jones' Masterpiece. THE GEISHA, from Daly's Theatre, London.

WEDNESDAY, 31st.

The Great Popular Success. THE EARL AND THE GIRL, from the Lyric Theatre, London.

THURSDAY, November 1st.

The Greatest of all American Comic Operas THE BELLE OF NEW YORK.

FRIDAY, 2nd.

The Record English Musical Comedy. A CHINESE HONEYMOON, from the Strand Theatre, London.

SATURDAY, 3rd.

FLORODORA, Leslie Stuart's Charming Opera. From the Lyric Theatre, London.

MONDAY, 4th. — TO BE SELECTED.

Prices of Admission:

PRIVATE BOXES	(Baignoires and Premières Loges)	200 P.T.
	(Secondes)	100 "
Fauteuils		25 "
Stalles		15 "
Front Gallery		8 "
Back		3 "

Special Popular Subscription.

A discount of 20 per cent allowed on tickets booked for the 12 performances, viz.: Lower and First Tier Boxes 1920 P.T. 2nd Tier 960 P.T. Fauteuils 240 P.T. Stalls 144 P.T. The Box Office now open (Booking Hours 9 to 12 and 3 to 5.)

The Subscribers will have first choice of seats as the box-plans will not be open for ordinary bookings until Thursday, October 18th.

Doors Open at 8.30. Commence at 9. 28659-2-1

Calendar of Coming Events. ALEXANDRIA.

October.

Mon. 15 Round Point Pigeon Shooting. 2.30. Alhambra Theatre. Italian Dramatic company in *Coralie et Cie.* 9.30. Max Casino and Restaurant on Syren Island. Concert daily by Roumanian orchestra. (Tel. No. 940.) French Garden. Varieties and Menagerie. 9.30.

San Stefano Theatre. Varieties. 9.45. Windsor Hotel. Concert by De Salvo orchestra. 6-12 daily.

Sun. 14 Round Point Pigeon Shooting. 2.30. Alhambra Theatre. Matinée.

Sat. 20 Alexandria Swimming Club. 100 yds. Junior and 220 yds. Senior Championships at Ras-el-Tin. B.R.C. Mustapha Range. Final Caps Competition and Practice starting at 500 yards, 2.30.

Sat. 27 Alexandria Swimming Club. 440 yds. Senior Championship at Ras-el-Tin. A. S. C. Skye Meeting. 3.

CAIRO.

October.

Mon. 15 Esbekieh Gardens. Performance by British Military Band. 9. Zoological Gardens. Concert by Ghizeh Boy's Band. Afternoon. Esbekieh Garden Theatre. French comedy company. Théâtre des Nouveautés. 9.30. Alcazar Parisien. 9.30. Champs Elysées. Cinematograph Entertainment.

Sun. 14 Zoological Gardens. Concert by Ghizeh Boy's Band. Afternoon.

Mon. 22 Khedivial Opera House. Bandmann Opera Co. *Lady Madcap.*

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ACTIONS

Cours du 13 octobre à 1 heure p.m.		
Agric. Bank	Lst.	9 11/16
National Bank	Lst.	26 7/8
Cassa di Sconto	Fos.	230 —
Bank of Athens	Fos.	144 —
Comp. Financier et Com.	Lst.	7 —
Bank of Abyssinie	Fos.	5 5/8
Delta Light Railways	Lst.	11 13/16
Lots Tapis	Fos.	149 —
Ramleh Railway	Lst.	7 1/4
Eaux du Caire capital	Fos.	124 —
" " " " " "	Fos.	263 —
" d'Alexandrie	Lst.	13 3/4
" de Tanta	Lst.	16 7/8
Act. Crédit Foncier Egyptien	Fos.	777 —
Oblig. Anc. Em. 3%	"	338 —
" Nouv. Em. 3%	"	272 —
Béhéra	Lst.	37 1/4
Delta Land	"	8 3/4
Wardan Estate	"	6 13/16
" deferred	"	8 —
Nile Land	"	16 1/4
Union Foncière	"	6 —
Land Allotment	"	8 7/16
" deferred	P.T.	129 —
Egyptian Markets	Sh.	28/
Cie immobilière d'Egypte	Fos.	385 —
" " " " " "	div.	740 —
Entrep. and Development	Lst.	12 13/16
" " " " " "	div.	22 1/4
Eg. Improvements Corporation	"	5 15/16
New Egyptian Company	Sh.	31/6
Agricole du Nil	Fos.	266 —
" " " " " "	div.	8 1/2
Egyptian Estates	"	1 15/16
" deferred	"	12 7/8
Crown Brewery d'Alexandrie	Fos.	198 —
" " " " " "	div.	119 —
" " " " " "	div.	132 —
" " " " " "	div.	66 —
Cotton Mills	Sh.	6/
Salt and Soda	"	21/6
Ciments	Fos.	68 —
" " " " " "	div.	18 —
Spinning	Lst.	7/8
Walker and Meimachi	"	11/16
Egyptian Constructions	"	1 1/2
Nile Cold Storage	"	5/8
Sucrières et Raffineries	Fos.	26 —
Anglo-American Nile	Lst.	6 9/16
Khedivial Mail	"	4 11/16
" deferred	Sh.	35/
Bourse Khediviale du Caire	Lst.	154 —
Manzaleh Canal	"	4 —
" deferred	P.T.	110 —
Eg. Invest. et Agency Ltd.	Lst.	1 1/4
Eg. Trust and Investment	"	1 3/8
Eg. Land and General Trust	"	1 1/8
Corp. of Water of Egypt	"	1 1/8
Tramways d'Alexandrie Priv.	Fos.	185 —
" " " " " "	div.	835 —
Omnibus du Caire	Lst.	26 —
Automobile	"	6 3/4
Nangoviah Hotel Co.	"	17 7/8
Egyptian Hotels (nouvelles)	"	6 3/4
Upper Egypt Hotels Co.	"	5 1/8
National Hotels	"	4 —
" " " " " "	div.	P.T. 68 —
Ex. elior Hotel	Lst.	3 7/16
" " " " " "	def.	1 1/4
Splendid Hotels	"	3 7/8

Eastern Telegraph Co. Ltd.

AVERAGE TIME occupied in transmission of Egyptian telegrams from England to Alexandria on Friday, 12th October, 1906.

OUTWARDS.

Between the hours of 10 a.m. and 6 p.m. (Cairo time)

FROM	MESSAGES HANDLED IN AT	POSTAL TELEGRAPH OFFICES
	The Company's Offices	H. M. H. M.
London	41	1 16
Liverpool	47	—
Manchester	50	—
Glasgow	16	1 27
Other Provincial Offices	—	1 18

NOLIS

Céréal.	Shgs.	2/ à —
Courteaux	"	7/6 8/
Graines de coton	"	9/6 —
Oignons	"	— 1/

Céréal.	Shgs.	2/ à —
Tourteaux	"	8/ —
Graines de coton	"	10/ —
Oignons	"	— 1/

PORTS DIRECTS			
Graines de coton.	Shgs.	11/	à 12/
Céréales	"	2/3	" 2/6

LIVE POOL	
Coton	Shgs. 11/ à —/
Céréales	" 1/6 " —/
Tourteaux	" 9/ " —/
Graines de coton	" 10/ " —/
Oignons	" —/ " —/

CONTINENT (NANTES-DUNKERQUE)		
Graines de coton (Dunkerque)	Fr. 12 à	—
" " (Nantes)	" 13	"
Fèves	" 11	"
Oignons	" —	"

MARSEILLE		
Fèves ... ..	...	Fr. 7 à 8.—
raines de coton...	...	" 7 " 8.—

DESTINATIONS DIVERSES		
Coton : Odessa, Trieste, Venise,		
Grèzes Marseille ...	Fr.	2.-
Barcelone ...	"	2.35
Le Havre ...	"	3.-
Dunkerque ...	"	2.50
Anvers ...	"	2.-
Hamburg ...	Fr.	20.- à 22.50
St. Petersburg ...	"	25.-
New-York ...	"	25.-
Bombay ...	"	30.-

} par 100 kilog.

} par Tonne poids

Alexandrie, le 11 octobre 1906.

Coton	Shgs.	11/ à —
Céréal.	"	1/6 —
Tourteaux	"	9/ —
Graines de coton	"	10/ —
Oignons	"	— 1/

"Simple Faculte"				
Coton	Liv. Nov.	P.T. 8 5/40	à	— —/—
Gr. de coton	" 3 mois	" 2 —	"	— —/—
"Stalagra"				

Coton	Liv. Nov.	P.T.	16 1/4	à	— —
Gr. de coton	" 3 mois	"	4	"	— —
"Double"					

Coton	Liv. Nov.	P.T.	5 25/40	a	—	—
Gr.de coton	" 3 mois	"	1 1/4	"	—	—

ARTHUR KOPPEL. 11

Graines de coton	Shgs.	12/ à —
Céréal.	"	2/3 2/6

Coton	Shgs.	11/ à —
Céréal.	"	1/6 —
Tourteaux	"	9/ —
Graines de coton	"	10/ —
Oignons	"	— 1/

Graines de coton	Shgs.	12/ à —
Céréal.	"	2/3 2/6

Coton	Shgs.	11/ à —
Céréal.	"	1/6 —
Tourteaux	"	9/ —
Graines de coton	"	10/ —
Oignons	"	— 1/

الكلالة الحبة الزاينة ظهوره مبدية

Coton	Shgs.	11/ à —
Céréal.	"	1/6 —
Tourteaux	"	9/ —
Graines de coton	"	10/ —
Oignons	"	— 1/

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l'étranger ;	
Garde de titres ;	
Recouvrement d'effets sur l'Egypte e	
l'étranger :	

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échéance fixe aux taux suivants:

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